#### § 10.786

under §10.763 of this subpart should be denied, it will issue a determination in writing or via an authorized electronic data interchange system to the importer that sets forth the following:

- (a) A description of the good that was the subject of the verification together with the identifying numbers and dates of the export and import documents pertaining to the good;
- (b) A statement setting forth the findings of fact made in connection with the verification and upon which the determination is based; and
- (c) With specific reference to the rules applicable to originating goods as set forth in General Note 27, HTSUS, and in §§ 10.769 through 10.777 of this subpart, the legal basis for the determination.

[CBP Dec. 07-51, 72 FR 35651, June 29, 2007. Redesignated at CBP Dec. 08-29, 73 FR 45354, Aug. 5, 2008]

### PENALTIES

## § 10.786 Violations relating to the MFTA.

All criminal, civil, or administrative penalties which may be imposed on U.S. importers for violations of the customs and related laws and regulations will also apply to U.S. importers for violations of the laws and regulations relating to the MFTA.

[CBP Dec. 07–51, 72 FR 35651, June 29, 2007. Redesignated at CBP Dec. 08–29, 73 FR 45354, Aug. 5, 2008]

Goods Returned After Repair or Alteration

### § 10.787 Goods re-entered after repair or alteration in Morocco.

(a) General. This section sets forth the rules that apply for purposes of obtaining duty-free treatment on goods returned after repair or alteration in Morocco as provided for in subheadings 9802.00.40 and 9802.00.50, HTSUS. Goods returned after having been repaired or altered in Morocco, whether or not pursuant to a warranty, are eligible for duty-free treatment, provided that the requirements of this section are met. For purposes of this section, "repairs or alterations" means restoration, addition, renovation, re-dyeing, cleaning, re-sterilizing, or other treatment

which does not destroy the essential characteristics of, or create a new or commercially different good from, the good exported from the United States.

- (b) Goods not eligible for treatment. The duty-free treatment referred to in paragraph (a) of this section will not apply to goods which, in their condition as exported from the United States to Morocco, are incomplete for their intended use and for which the processing operation performed in Morocco constitutes an operation that is performed as a matter of course in the preparation or manufacture of finished goods.
- (c) Documentation. The provisions of §10.8(a), (b), and (c) of this part, relating to the documentary requirements for goods entered under subheading 9802.00.40 or 9802.00.50, HTSUS, will apply in connection with the entry of goods which are returned from Morocco after having been exported for repairs or alterations and which are claimed to be duty free.

[CBP Dec. 07–51, 72 FR 35651, June 29, 2007. Redesignated at CBP Dec. 08–29, 73 FR 45354, Aug. 5, 2008]

# Subpart N—United States-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement

SOURCE: CBP Dec. 07-81, 72 FR 58515, Oct. 16, 2007, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

### §10.801 Scope.

This subpart implements the duty preference and related customs provisions applicable to imported goods under the United States-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement (the BFTA) signed on September 14, 2004, and under the United States-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (the Act; 119 Stat. 3581). Except as otherwise specified in this subpart, the procedures and other requirements set forth in this subpart are in addition to the customs procedures and requirements of general application contained elsewhere in this chapter. Additional provisions implementing certain aspects of the BFTA and the Act are contained in parts 24, 102, 162, and 163 of this chapter.